ECOL 553L

Section 6 Intro to Perl I

• Make a folder in your home directory named ecol553_homework

- Make a folder in your home directory named ecol553_homework
- within this folder, make a folder called homework1

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- make a file within this folder called
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 put the homework answers in it
- when finished move back to ~/ecol553_homework 7 turnin homework1

If you run this more than once, it will overwite your old submittion

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 - -q standard (or windfall)
 - delete the "source" line
 - cd eeb553_... should contain the full path to your homework folder

• You're in /tmp/ecol553

- You're in /tmp/ecol553
 - What is the full path of . ?

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 - What is the full path of . ?
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- You're in /tmp/ecol553
 - What is the full path of . ?
 - •/tmp/ecol553
 - What is the full path of ..?
 - •/tmp/
 - \bullet What is the full path of ~?
 - mine is /home/u21/deblasio

- You're in /tmp/ecol553
 - What is the full path of . ?
 - •/tmp/ecol553
 - What is the full path of ..?
 - •/tmp/
 - \bullet What is the full path of ~?
 - mine is /home/u21/deblasio
 - What is the full path of .../.hidden ?

- You're in /tmp/ecol553
 - What is the full path of . ?
 - •/tmp/ecol553
 - What is the full path of ..?
 - •/tmp/
 - \bullet What is the full path of ~?
 - mine is /home/u21/deblasio
 - What is the full path of .../.hidden ?
 - •/tmp/.hidden

- You're in /tmp/ecol553
 - What is the full path of . ?
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 - What is the full path of ..?
 - •/tmp/
 - \bullet What is the full path of ~?
 - mine is /home/u21/deblasio
 - What is the full path of .../.hidden ?
 - •/tmp/.hidden
 - What is the full path of ~/.hidden?

- You're in /tmp/ecol553
 - What is the full path of . ?
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 - What is the full path of ..?
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 - \bullet What is the full path of ~?
 - mine is /home/u21/deblasio
 - What is the full path of .../.hidden ?
 - /tmp/.hidden
 - What is the full path of ~/.hidden?
 - mine is /home/u21/deblasio/.hidden

\bullet You're in \sim

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- What is the full path of ..?
 - /home/u21/
- \bullet What is the full path of ~?
 - mine is /home/u21/deblasio
- What is the difference between ~/file, ./file, and ../deblasio/file?
Tree Structure Review

\bullet You're in \sim

- mine is /home/u21/deblasio
- What is the full path of . ?
 - /home/u21/deblasio
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 - mine is /home/u21/deblasio
- What is the difference between ~/file, ./file, and ../deblasio/file?
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A **word** is defined as a run of characters between whitespace (space, tab, newline)

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A **line** is defined as the characters before a newline (i.e. the line count is the number of newlines)

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A **byte** is 8 *bits*, or the amount of space necessary to store one character. So the byte count of a text file is the number of characters (including newlines, tabs, and spaces)

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tab-delimited, or **tab-separated** format is a way of representing data where each record is on a new line, and entry related to that record is separated by a tab ('\t'). An alternate is **comma-separated (csv).**

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- a useful option is:
 - –1 counts only the number lines



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 - print; doing arithmetic; comments



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 - Use a text editor, such as vim, syn, textwrangler (or any other Perl-aware editor)

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 - 700 => read, write and execute for only you, nothing else for anyone else

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- Scripts are generally interpreted line by line
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- Error messages are terse (not much information given) but they can still be helpful if you read them carefully
- Sometimes the line number in an error message reflects a line past the actual error – so you will want to check lines above the reported line number!!

•Q: Is the glass half empty or half full?

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 - [service2] [~]> which perl

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 - # Include the strict pragma if you want to write the cleanest code

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• Example:

```
#!/usr/local/bin/perl
use warnings;
```

```
print "Hello there!! \n";
print "Three plus nine is ", 3 + 9, "\n";
print " and 3 + 9 * 4 is ", 3 + 9 * 4, "\n";
print " Good-bye... \n";
```

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- Examples of flow control keywords:
 - if (condition is true) ...
 - while (condition is true) ...
- We've seen the use of semi-colon as a statement terminator. One case where it is NOT needed is at the end of a statement block. Statement blocks are enclosed in curly braces { }
 - Example:

```
if (6 * 9 > 7 ** 2) {
    print "Six times nine is more than seven squared! \n";
    print "In other words: ", 6 * 9, " > ", 7 ** 2, "\n"
}
```

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- Homework 2 includes a small perl assignment